Limits of Computation (CS:4340:0001 or 22C:131:001) Homework 1

The homework is due in class on Tuesday, September 8th. If you can't make it to class, drop it in my mailbox in the MacLean Hall mailroom.

- Let Pattern : {0,1}* → {0,1} be the function defined as follows: Pattern(x) = 1 if 101 occurs as a contiguous substring in x, and 0 otherwise. For example, Pattern(11010) = 1, and Pattern(11001) = 0. Describe a Turing Machine that computes the function Pattern. What is its running time, in big-Oh notation, as a function of the input size? For this question, a full TM description is expected. (2.5 points)
- 2. Let $f: \{0,1\}^* \to \{0,1\}$ be defined as follows: f(x) = 1 if $x = 0^n 1^n 0^n$ for some integer $n \ge 0$, and f(x) = 0 otherwise. For example, f(001100) = 1, f(0110) = 0, and f(1100) = 0. Describe a Turing Machine that computes the function f. What is its running time, in big-Oh notation, as a function of the input size? You don't need to give the full TM description, but give the kind of detail we gave in proving Claim 1.5 in class explain the states of the TM, and the pattern in which they are traversed. (2.5 points)
- 3. Describe a TM that on input $x \in \{0,1\}^*$ outputs the binary representation of |x|. The running time should be O(n) where n is |x|, the length of x. In this and the next question, describe the workings of the TM at a higher level, but you should be confident about being able to translate this description to a full transition function if an alien asks you to. (2.5 points)
- 4. Describe a TM that on input $x \in \{0, 1\}^*$ outputs the binary representation of $|x|^2$. The running time should be $O(n^2)$ where n = |x|. (2.5 points)

For each problem, you may use as many alphabet symbols or tapes as convenient. When giving details of the transition function, complement them with high level comments; this will aid the reader's understanding.