

Alternative Abstract Syntax and Semantic Equations for Calculator

```

Program ::= ExprSeq
ExprSeq ::= Expr | Expr ExprSeq
Expr ::= Term | Expr Op Term | Expr Ans | Expr Ans +/-
Term ::= Num | MR | Clr | Term +/-
Op ::= + | - | *
Ans ::= M+ | =
Num ::= Fig. 9.1

```

Alternative (unambiguous) Fig. 9.5

```

meaning: Program  $\square$  Integer
perform: ExprSeq  $\square$  (State  $\square$  State)
evaluate: Expr  $\square$  (State  $\square$  State)
compute: Op  $\square$  (State  $\square$  State)
calculate: Ans  $\square$  {+/-}  $\square$  (State  $\square$  State)
value: Num  $\square$  Integer

```

Alternative semantic function types

```

meaning [P] = d, where perform [P](0, nop, 0, 0) = (a, op, d, m)
perform [E] = evaluate [E]
perform [E S] = perform [S]  $\circ$  evaluate [E]
evaluate [N] (a, op, d, m) = (a, op, value [N], m)
evaluate [MR] (a, op, d, m) = (a, op, m, m)
evaluate [Clr] (a, op, d, m) = (0, nop, 0, 0)
evaluate [T +/-] = calculate [+/-]  $\circ$  evaluate [T]
evaluate [E O T] = evaluate [T]  $\circ$  compute [O]  $\circ$  evaluate [E]
evaluate [E A] = calculate [A]  $\circ$  evaluate [E]
evaluate [E A +/-] = calculate [+/-]  $\circ$  calculate [A]  $\circ$  evaluate [E]
compute [+] (a, op, d, m) = (op(a, d), plus, op(a, d), m)
compute [-] (a, op, d, m) = (op(a, d), minus, op(a, d), m)
compute [*] (a, op, d, m) = (op(a, d), times, op(a, d), m)
calculate [=] (a, op, d, m) = (a, nop, op(a, d), m)
calculate [M+] (a, op, d, m) = (a, nop, op(a, d), plus(m, op(a, d)))
calculate [+/-] (a, op, d, m) = (a, op, minus(0, d), m)
value [N] = Fig. 9.1

```

Alternative Fig. 9.8