

# CS:5810 Formal Methods in Software Engineering

## Reasoning about Iterative Programs in Dafny

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# Iterative Fibonacci

```
function Fib(n: nat): nat {
    if n < 2 then n else Fib(n-2) + Fib(n-1)
}

method ComputeFib(n: nat) returns (x: nat)
    ensures x == Fib(n)
{
    x := 0;
    var i := 0;
    while i != n
        invariant 0 <= i <= n
        invariant x == Fib(i)
}
```

# Iterative Fibonacci

## Loop design technique 12.0 (*Replace a constant by a variable*)

For a loop to establish a condition  $P[C]$ , where  $C$  is an expression that maintains a constant value throughout the loop,

- use a variable  $k$  that the loop changes until it equals  $C$ , and
- make  $P[k]$  a loop invariant

**Example:** to establish  $x == \text{Fib}(n)$  introduce  $i$  and

**invariant**  $x == \text{Fib}(i)$

(here  $C$  is  $n$ ,  $P$  is  $x == \text{Fib}(n)$ , and  $k$  is  $i$ )

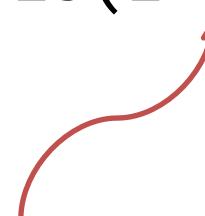
# Iterative Fibonacci

```
method ComputeFib(n: nat) returns (x: nat)
  ensures x == Fib(n)
{
  x := 0;
  var i := 0;
  while i != n
    invariant 0 <= i <= n
    invariant x == Fib(i)
  {
    ...
    i := i + 1;
  }
}
```

# Iterative Fibonacci

```
method ComputeFib(n: nat) returns (x: nat)
    ensures x == Fib(n)
{
    x := 0; var y := 1;
    var i := 0;
    while i != n
        invariant 0 <= i <= n
        invariant x == Fib(i) && y == Fib(i + 1)
    {
        ...
        i := i + 1;
    }
}
```

Cannot use  $y == \text{Fib}(i-1)$   
as not defined when  $i == 0$



# Iterative Fibonacci

```
method ComputeFib(n: nat) returns (x: nat)
    ensures x == Fib(n)
{
    x := 0; var y := 1;
    var i := 0;
    while i != n
        invariant 0 <= i <= n
        invariant x == Fib(i) && y == Fib(i + 1)
    {
        ...
        i := i + 1;
    }
}
```

Can use  $(i == 0 \text{ || } y == \text{Fib}(i-1))$   
but will lead to more complex code

# Loop body

```
{ 0 <= i <= n && x == Fib(i)
    && y == Fib(i+1) && i != n}
```

```
i := i + 1;
{ 0 <= i <= n && x == Fib(i) && y == Fib(i+1) }
```

# Loop body

```
{ 0 <= i <= n && x == Fib(i)
    && y == Fib(i+1) && i != n}
```

```
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i+1)
    && y == Fib(i+1+1) }
i := i + 1;
{ 0 <= i <= n && x == Fib(i) && y == Fib(i+1) }
```

# Loop body

```
{ 0 <= i <= n && x == Fib(i)
    && y == Fib(i+1) && i != n}
```

```
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i+1) && y == Fib(i+2)}
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i+1)
    && y == Fib(i+1+1) }
i := i + 1;
{ 0 <= i <= n && x == Fib(i) && y == Fib(i+1) }
```

# Loop body

```
{ 0 <= i <= n && x == Fib(i)
    && y == Fib(i+1) && i != n}
```

```
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i+1)
    && y == Fib(i) + Fib(i+1) }
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i+1) && y == Fib(i+2)}
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i+1)
    && y == Fib(i+1+1) }

i := i + 1;
{ 0 <= i <= n && x == Fib(i) && y == Fib(i+1) }
```

# Loop body

```
{ 0 <= i <= n && x == Fib(i)
    && y == Fib(i+1) && i != n}
```

```
x, y := y, x + y;
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i+1)
    && y == Fib(i) + Fib(i+1) }
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i+1) && y == Fib(i+2) }
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i+1)
    && y == Fib(i+1+1) }

i := i + 1;
{ 0 <= i <= n && x == Fib(i) && y == Fib(i+1) }
```

# Loop body

```
{ 0 <= i <= n && x == Fib(i)
    && y == Fib(i+1) && i != n}
```

```
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && y == Fib(i+1)
    && x+y == Fib(i) + Fib(i+1) }

x, y := y, x + y;
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i+1)
    && y == Fib(i) + Fib(i+1) }

{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i+1) && y == Fib(i+2) }

{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i+1)
    && y == Fib(i+1+1) }

i := i + 1;
{ 0 <= i <= n && x == Fib(i) && y == Fib(i+1) }
```

# Loop body

```
{ 0 <= i <= n && x == Fib(i)
    && y == Fib(i+1) && i != n}

{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i) && y == Fib(i+1) }
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && y == Fib(i+1)
    && x+y == Fib(i) + Fib(i+1) }

x, y := y, x + y;
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i+1)
    && y == Fib(i) + Fib(i+1) }
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i+1) && y == Fib(i+2)}
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i+1)
    && y == Fib(i+1+1) }

i := i + 1;
{ 0 <= i <= n && x == Fib(i) && y == Fib(i+1) }
```

# Loop body

```
{ 0 <= i <= n && x == Fib(i)
    && y == Fib(i+1) && i != n}
{ 0 <= i <= n && x == Fib(i) && y == Fib(i+1) }
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i) && y == Fib(i+1) }
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && y == Fib(i+1)
    && x+y == Fib(i) + Fib(i+1) }

x, y := y, x + y;
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i+1)
    && y == Fib(i) + Fib(i+1) }
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i+1) && y == Fib(i+2) }
{ 0 <= i+1 <= n && x == Fib(i+1)
    && y == Fib(i+1+1) }

i := i + 1;
{ 0 <= i <= n && x == Fib(i) && y == Fib(i+1) }
```

# Full program

```
method ComputeFib(n: nat) returns (x: nat)
    ensures x == Fib(n)
{
    x := 0;
    var i := 0;
    while i != n
        invariant 0 <= i <= n
        invariant x == Fib(i)
        invariant y == Fib(i + 1)
    {
        x, y := y, x + y;
        i := i + 1;
    }
}
```

# Powers of 2

Define a function that computes  $2^n$  using the facts

$2^0 == 1$  and, for any other exponent n,

$2^n == 2 * 2^{n-1}$

```
function Power(n: nat): nat {  
    if n == 0 then 1 else 2 * Power(n - 1)  
}
```

```
method ComputePower(n: nat) returns (p: nat)  
ensures p == Power(n)
```

# The usual invariant

```
{  
    p := 1;  
    var i := 0;  
    while i != n  
        invariant 0 <= i <= n  
        invariant p == Power(i)  
}
```

# The usual invariant

```
{  
    p := 1;  
    var i := 0;  
    while i != n  
        invariant 0 <= i <= n  
        invariant p == Power(i)  
    {  
        { 0 <= i <= n && p == Power(i) && i != n }  
        { 0 <= i + 1 <= n && 2 * p == 2 * Power(i) }  
        p := 2 * p;  
        { 0 <= i + 1 <= n && p == 2 * Power(i) }  
        { 0 <= i + 1 <= n && p == Power(i + 1) }  
        i := i + 1;  
        { 0 <= i <= n && p == Power(i) }  
    }  
}
```

# An alternative invariant

The previous invariant on  $p$  focuses on *what has been computed so far*

We can also focus on *what is left to do*

```
p := 1;  
var i := 0;  
while i != n  
    invariant  $0 \leq i \leq n$   
    invariant  $p * \text{Power}(n - i) == \text{Power}(n)$ 
```

The invariant holds initially, and after the loop

$$p * \text{Power}(0) == \text{Power}(n)$$

# An alternative invariant

## Loop design technique 12.1

If you're trying to solve a problem of the form  $p == F(n)$ ,  
you may be able to do so with a loop index  $i$  satisfying

$0 \leq i \leq n$  and

either the *what-has-been-done* invariant

**invariant**  $p == F(i)$

or the *what's-yet-to-be-done* invariant

**invariant**  $p \star F(n - i) == F(n)$

where  $\star$  is some kind of combination operation

# Fibonacci squared

```
method SquareFib(N: nat) returns (x: nat)
ensures x == Fib(N) * Fib(N)
```

## Loop design technique

If a problem can be made simpler by having a precomputed quantity  $Q$ , then introduce a new variable  $q$  with the intention of establishing and maintaining the invariant  $q == Q$

# A simple start

```
method SquareFib(N: nat) returns (x: nat)
    ensures x == Fib(N) * Fib(N)
{
    x := 0;
    var n := 0;
    while n != N
        invariant 0 <= n <= N
        invariant x == Fib(n) * Fib(n)
}
```

```
{ x == Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) }
n := n + 1;
{ x == Fib(n)*Fib(n) }
```

Cannot expand  $\text{Fib}(n + 1)$  to  
 $\text{Fib}(n)$  and  $\text{Fib}(n - 1)$  since  $n - 1$   
may be negative

# A wish

Let's **wish** that we had a variable

$y == \text{Fib}(n+1) * \text{Fib}(n+1)$

```
{ x == Fib(n)*Fib(n) && n != N }
{ true }
{ Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) == Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) }
x := y;           // where y == Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1)
{ x == Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) }
n := n + 1;
{ x == Fib(n)*Fib(n) }
```

# A wish

Add a new invariant:

**invariant**  $y == \text{Fib}(n+1) * \text{Fib}(n+1)$

```
{ y == Fib(n+2)*Fib(n+2) }
n := n + 1;
{ y == Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) }
```

# A wish

Add a new invariant:

**invariant**  $y == \text{Fib}(n+1) * \text{Fib}(n+1)$

```
{ y == (\text{Fib}(n) + \text{Fib}(n+1)) * (\text{Fib}(n) + \text{Fib}(n+1)) }
{ y == \text{Fib}(n+2) * \text{Fib}(n+2) }
n := n + 1;
{ y == \text{Fib}(n+1) * \text{Fib}(n+1) }
```

# A wish

Add a new invariant:

**invariant**  $y == \text{Fib}(n+1) * \text{Fib}(n+1)$

```
{ y == Fib(n)*Fib(n) + 2*Fib(n)*Fib(n+1)
    + Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) }
{ y == (Fib(n) + Fib(n+1))*(Fib(n) + Fib(n+1)) }
{ y == Fib(n+2)*Fib(n+2) }
n := n + 1;
{ y == Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) }
```

# A wish

Add a new invariant:

**invariant**  $y == \text{Fib}(n+1) * \text{Fib}(n+1)$

$x == \text{Fib}(n) * \text{Fib}(n)$

$y == \text{Fib}(n+1) * \text{Fib}(n+1)$

```
{ y == Fib(n)*Fib(n) + 2*Fib(n)*Fib(n+1)
    + Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) }
{ y == (Fib(n) + Fib(n+1))*(Fib(n) + Fib(n+1)) }
{ y == Fib(n+2)*Fib(n+2) }
n := n + 1;
{ y == Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) }
```

# A wish

Add a new invariant:

**invariant**  $y == \text{Fib}(n+1) * \text{Fib}(n+1)$

```
y := x + k + y; // where k == 2*Fib(n)*Fib(n+1)
{ y == Fib(n)*Fib(n) + 2*Fib(n)*Fib(n+1)
    + Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) }
{ y == (Fib(n) + Fib(n+1))*(Fib(n) + Fib(n+1)) }
{ y == Fib(n+2)*Fib(n+2) }
n := n + 1;
{ y == Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) }
```

# A wish

Add a new invariant:

invariant  $y == \text{Fib}(n+1) * \text{Fib}(n+1)$

```
{ x + k + y == x + k + Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) }
y := x + k + y; // where k == 2*Fib(n)*Fib(n+1)
{ y == Fib(n)*Fib(n) + 2*Fib(n)*Fib(n+1)
    + Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) }
{ y == (Fib(n) + Fib(n+1))*(Fib(n) + Fib(n+1)) }
{ y == Fib(n+2)*Fib(n+2) }
n := n + 1;
{ y == Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) }
```

# A wish

Add a new invariant:

invariant  $y == \text{Fib}(n+1) * \text{Fib}(n+1)$

```
{ y == Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) }
{ x + k + y == x + k + Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) }
y := x + k + y; // where k == 2*Fib(n)*Fib(n+1)
{ y == Fib(n)*Fib(n) + 2*Fib(n)*Fib(n+1)
    + Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) }
{ y == (Fib(n) + Fib(n+1))*(Fib(n) + Fib(n+1)) }
{ y == Fib(n+2)*Fib(n+2) }
n := n + 1;
{ y == Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) }
```

# Another wish

Add a new invariant:

**invariant**  $k == 2 * \text{Fib}(n) * \text{Fib}(n+1)$

```
{ k == 2*\text{Fib}(n)*\text{Fib}(n+1) + 2*\text{Fib}(n+1)*\text{Fib}(n+1) }
{ k == 2*\text{Fib}(n+1)*(\text{Fib}(n) + \text{Fib}(n+1)); }
{ k == 2*\text{Fib}(n+1)*\text{Fib}(n+2) }
n := n + 1;
{ k == 2*\text{Fib}(n)*\text{Fib}(n+1) }
```

# Another wish

Add a new invariant:

**invariant**  $k == 2 * \text{Fib}(n) * \text{Fib}(n+1)$

$k == 2 * \text{Fib}(n) * \text{Fib}(n+1)$

$y == \text{Fib}(n+1) * \text{Fib}(n+1)$

```
{ k == 2*\text{Fib}(n)*\text{Fib}(n+1) + 2*\text{Fib}(n+1)*\text{Fib}(n+1) }
{ k == 2*\text{Fib}(n+1)*(\text{Fib}(n) + \text{Fib}(n+1)); }
{ k == 2*\text{Fib}(n+1)*\text{Fib}(n+2) }
n := n + 1;
{ k == 2*\text{Fib}(n)*\text{Fib}(n+1) }
```

# Another wish

Add a new invariant:

**invariant**  $k == 2 * \text{Fib}(n) * \text{Fib}(n+1)$

```
k := k + y + y;
{ k == 2*\text{Fib}(n)*\text{Fib}(n+1) + 2*\text{Fib}(n+1)*\text{Fib}(n+1) }
{ k == 2*\text{Fib}(n+1)*(\text{Fib}(n) + \text{Fib}(n+1)); }
{ k == 2*\text{Fib}(n+1)*\text{Fib}(n+2) }
n := n + 1;
{ k == 2*\text{Fib}(n)*\text{Fib}(n+1) }
```

# Another wish

Add a new invariant:

**invariant**  $k == 2 * \text{Fib}(n) * \text{Fib}(n+1)$

```
{ k + y + y == 2*\text{Fib}(n)*\text{Fib}(n+1) + 2*y }
k := k + y + y;
{ k == 2*\text{Fib}(n)*\text{Fib}(n+1) + 2*\text{Fib}(n+1)*\text{Fib}(n+1) }
{ k == 2*\text{Fib}(n+1)*(\text{Fib}(n) + \text{Fib}(n+1)); }
{ k == 2*\text{Fib}(n+1)*\text{Fib}(n+2) }
n := n + 1;
{ k == 2*\text{Fib}(n)*\text{Fib}(n+1) }
```

# Another wish

Add a new invariant:

**invariant**  $k == 2 * \text{Fib}(n) * \text{Fib}(n+1)$

```
{ k == 2*Fib(n)*Fib(n+1) }
{ k + y + y == 2*Fib(n)*Fib(n+1) + 2*y }
k := k + y + y;
{ k == 2*Fib(n)*Fib(n+1) + 2*Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+1) }
{ k == 2*Fib(n+1)*(Fib(n) + Fib(n+1)); }
{ k == 2*Fib(n+1)*Fib(n+2) }
n := n + 1;
{ k == 2*Fib(n)*Fib(n+1) }
```

# Putting it all together

```
method SquareFib(N: nat) returns (x: nat)
    ensures x == Fib(N) * Fib(N)
{
    x := 0;
    var n := 0;
    var y := 1; // as Fib(0+1)*Fib(0+1) == 1*1 == 1
    var k := 0; // as 2 * 0 * 1 == 0
    while n != N
        invariant 0 <= n <= N
        invariant x == Fib(n) * Fib(n)
        invariant y == Fib(n+1) * Fib(n+1)
        invariant k == 2 * Fib(n) * Fib(n+1)
}
```

# Putting it all together

The loop body is

```
{  
    x, y, k := y, x + k + y, k + y + y;  
    n := n + 1;  
}
```

We could replace the simultaneous assignment with

```
{  
    var prev_x := x;  var prev_y := y;  
    x := prev_y;  
    y := prev_x + k + prev_y;  
    k := k + prev_y + prev_y;  
}
```