## 22C:16 Practice Problem Set 9 Morning Section: Complete before Tuesday, 4-15-2014 Evening Section: Complete before Monday, 4-14-2014

The focus of this problem set is on evaluating expressions involving Python dictionary operations and on writing short functions involving dictionaries.

- 1. Suppose that D is the dictionary {"what": "why", "are": "why", "you": "what", "why": "you", "next": "are", "hello": "are"}. Given below are a bunch of expressions. Write down what each expression evaluates to.
  - (a) D.keys()
  - (b) D[D["next"]]
  - (c) D.values()
  - (d) D.items()
  - (e) D[D[D["you"]]]
- 2. Suppose that D is the dictionary {"what":22, "are":11, "you":14, "doing":5, "next":9, "Saturday?":4}. Write down what the value of D is after each of the following Python statements. Evaluate each statement starting with the same value of the dictionary D, mentioned above.
  - (a) D["what"] = D["are"]
  - (b) D.update({"Sunday":25, "what":5})
  - (c) del D["you"]
  - (d) D["which"] = 19
  - (e) D.clear()
  - (f) D["you"] = D["doing"] + D["next"]
  - (g) D[D["you"]] = "you"
- 3. Suppose that D is the dictionary {"what": "why", "are": "why", "you": "what", "why": "you", "next": "are", "hello": "are"}. Write down what the value of D is after each of the following Python statements. Evaluate each statement starting with the same value of the dictionary D, mentioned above.

```
(a) del D["are"]
```

- (b) D[D["next"]] = D["you"]
- (c) D.update({"you" : "why", "skip": "hello"})
- (d) D.update({"you" : "you"})
- (e) Dclear()
- 4. Suppose that D is the dictionary {"what":22, "are":11, "you":14, "doing":5, "next":9, "Saturday?":4}. What is a possible correct output for the following code fragment?

```
sum1 = []
sum2 = 0
for x in D.items()
    sum1 = sum1 + [x]
    sum2 = sum2 + D[x[0]]
print sum1, sum2
```

5. Suppose that D is the dictionary of 5-letter words and their "neighbors" constructed in the playGame program that we wrote in class last week. Suppose that we want to write a function called secondNeighbors that takes a word w that appears as a key in D and returns the list of all words that can be obtained by replacing either one or two letters in w. Code for this function is provide below with some parts missing. Your task is to complete this function.

- 6. Suppose that D is the dictionary of 5-letter words and their "neighbors" constructed in the playGame program that we wrote in class last week. For words u, v appearing as keys in D, (u, v) is called an isolated pair if u has only one neighbor v and v has only one neighbor u. Write a function called isolatedPairs that takes this dictionary D as a parameter and returns the list of all isolated pairs. Thus the function should return a return a list of elements such that each element is itself a list of size 2. Note that each isolated pair (u, v) will appear in the returned list twice, once as [u, v] and once as [v, u].
- 7. Write a function deleteSmallFrequencies that takes as its single parameter, a dictionary D. This keys of this dictionary are strings and the each key has an associated nonnegative integer as its value. You may think of the strings are words and the associated values as frequencies. The function deleteSmallFrequencies is required to return a new dictionary obtained by deleting from the given dictionary all words that have frequency less than or equal to 10. For example, if D were {"hello":20, "hi":7, "text":3, "earthquake": 1000} then the function call deleteSmallFrequencies(D) should return {"hello":20, "earthquake": 1000}.