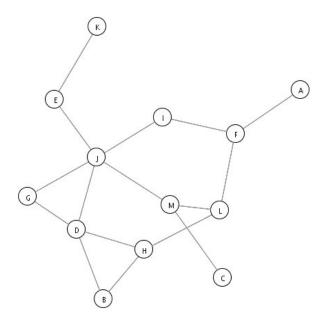
22C:16 (CS:1210) Quiz 9

You have 20 minutes to complete this quiz. This quiz depends on the searchWordNetwork function that was part of the program playLaddersGame2.py. Code from this function appears on the back of this page.



Consider the network of "words" shown above. Suppose that we call the function $\mathtt{searchWordNetwork}$ on this word network with source "A" and target "B".

1. Show the contents of the reached dictionary and the processed dictionary at the beginning of each iteration of the while-loop in searchWordNetwork. Make sure you show the key-value pairs in each dictionary and not just a list of keys. Assume that each time we pull an element out of reached using popitem(), we get the element that is alphabetically smallest.

2. Following up on Problem 1, show the contents of the processed dictionary, when it is returned from searchWordNetwork.

```
def searchWordNetwork(source, target, D):
 # Initialization: processed and reached are two dictionaries that will help in the
 # exploration.
 # reached: contains all words that have been reached but not processed.
# processed: contains all words that have been reached and processed, i.e., their neighbors
 # have also been explored.
processed = {source:0}
reached = {}
for e in D[source]:
    reached[e] = source # the value in the dictionary of a key k is the "parent" of k
 # Repeat until reached set becomes empty or target is reached
 while reached:
    # Check if target is in reached; this would imply there is path from source to target
    if target in reached:
        processed.update({target:reached[target]})
        return processed
    # Pick an item in reached and process it
    item = reached.popitem() # returns an arbitrary key-value pair as a tuple
    newWord = item[0]
    parent = item[1]
    # Find all neighbors of this item and add new neighbors to reached
    processed[newWord] = parent
    for neighbor in D[newWord]:
         if neighbor not in reached and neighbor not in processed:
             reached[neighbor] = newWord
return {}
```