1. [5 points] What does each of the following expression evaluate to? Suppose that L is the list 
["These", ["are", "a"], ["few", "words"], "that", "we", "will", "use"].

(a) \( L[3:4] + L[1:2] \)

\[ L[3:4] = ['that'] \]
\[ L[1:2] = [['are', 'a']] \]
\[ L[3:4] + L[1:2] = ['that', ['are', 'a']] \]

(b) "few" in \( L[2:3] \)

False. The string "few" is not an element of this range. \( L[2:3] \) returns a list of elements from \( L \rightarrow [['few', 'words']] \), this is a list with one element, a list.

(c) "few" in \( L[2] \)

True. \( L[2] \) returns the list ['few', 'words'], "few" is an element of this list.

(d) \( L[2][1:] \)

\[ L[2] = ['few', 'words'] \]
\[ L[2][1:] = ['words'] \]

(e) \( L[1]+L[2] \)

\[ L[1] = ['are', 'a'] \]
\[ L[2] = ['few', 'words'] \]
\[ L[1]+L[2] = ['are', 'a', 'few', 'words'] \]

Turn over for Problem 2.
2. [5 points] Here is a partially completed function called isSorted that takes a list of numbers as a parameter and returns True if the list of numbers is sorted in ascending order and False otherwise. For example, if the given list is [3, 8.5, 8.5, 11, 22] then the function would return True; if the given list is [3, 8.5, -11, 22] then the function would return False. There is one line missing in this function. Your task is to supply this line.

```python
def isSorted(L):
    for i in range(len(L)-1):
        # Complete the boolean condition for the if-statement below
        if L[i] > L[i + 1]:
            return False
    return True
```