Improving our program

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Improving the output

• How can we put together the bits we generate, in the correct order, to construct the binary equivalent?

• String concatenation!

Expression "0" + "1001" "1" + "1001" Value "01001" "11001"

Algorithmic idea

• After *i* iterations of the while loop we have generated the right most *i* bits of our answer.

• Call this the *length-i suffix*.

• We want to maintain a string:



Example

• Input is 39.

Output 1 1 1 0 0 1 1

Suffix "" "1" "11" "111" "0111" "00111" "100111"

n = int(raw_input("Enter a positive integer:"))
suffix = ""
while n > 0:
 suffix = str(n % 2) + binary
 n = n/2
print suffix

Here is another improvement to the output

```
n = int(raw_input("Enter a positive integer:"))
suffix = ""
originalN = n
while n > 0:
    suffix = str(n%2) + suffix
    n = n/2
print "The binary equivalent of", originalN, "is", suffix
```

Making the program more robust

- What if the user types in a negative integer or o?
 Or a real number? Or some non-numeric string, (e.g., "hello")?
- We will only discuss the negative integer or o situation now.
- Later when we discuss *exceptions* and how to handle them, we'll return to this program.

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Types of errors

• Syntax error

Syntax refers to the structure of the program. (e.g., English sentences start with a capital letter)

Examples:

n = int(raw_input() print n

Types of errors

• *Run-time* errors (or *exceptions*) This is an error that occurs during the running of the program and is typically caused by the user not anticipating a certain behavior of their program.

Example: n = int(raw_input("Enter a number:")) print n + 5

What if the user inputs "hello"?

Types of errors

• *Semantic* errors

The program may not produce an error message when executed, but it may not do what we expect it to do.

Example:

In an earlier version of our program:

print "The binary equivalent of", n, "is", suffix

We forgot that n would have changed to o at this point.

The case of non-positive integers

- What does the program currently do, if the user inputs a negative integer or o?
- We could instead try to print an informative message.
- We will use the **if-else** statement for that.



If boolean expression is true: Line 1, Line2, Line 3, Line 4.
Otherwise: Line 1, Line 4.

if-else statement

Line 1 if boolean expression: Line 2 Line 3 else: Line 4 Line 5

- If boolean expression is true: Line 1, Line 2, Line 3, Line 5
- Otherwise: Line 1, Line 4, Line 5

Dealing with negative integer input

- If n <= 0, print out an appropriate message and do nothing else.
- Else, continue to do what the program is currently doing.

Our Final First Program

```
n = int(raw_input("Enter a positive integer:"))
if n <= 0:
```

print "Enter a positive integer next time. Bye!" else:

```
suffix = ""
originalN = n
while n > 0:
    suffix = str(n%2) + suffix
    n = n/2
print "The binary equivalent of", originalN, "is", suffix
```