

# Making our program more robust



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# Here is our current program



```
n = int(raw_input("Enter a positive integer:"))
suffix = ""
originalN = n
while n > 0:
    suffix = str(n%2) + suffix
    n = n/2
print "The binary equivalent of", originalN, "is", suffix
```

# Making the program more robust



- What if the user types in a negative integer or 0? Or a real number? Or some non-numeric string, (e.g., "hello")?
- We will only discuss the negative integer or 0 situation now.
- Later when we discuss *exceptions* and how to handle them, we'll return to this program.

# Types of errors



- *Syntax* error

Syntax refers to the structure of the program.

(e.g., English sentences start with a capital letter)

## Examples:

```
while x < 10
    x = x + 1
```

```
n = int(raw_input())
print n
```

# Types of errors



- *Run-time errors (or exceptions)*

This is an error that occurs during the running of the program and is typically caused by the user not anticipating a certain behavior of their program.

**Example:**

```
n = int(raw_input("Enter a number:"))  
print n + 5
```

What if the user inputs "hello"?

# Types of errors



- *Semantic errors*

The program may not produce an error message when executed, but it may not do what we expect it to do.

## **Example:**

In an earlier version of our program:

```
print "The binary equivalent of", n, "is", suffix
```

We forgot that `n` would have changed to 0 at this point.

# The case of non-positive integers



- What does the program currently do, if the user inputs a negative integer or 0?
- We could instead try to print an informative message.
- We will use the *if-else* statement for that.

# Simple if statement



Line 1

*if boolean expression:*

Line 2

Line 3

Line 4

- If boolean expression is true:  
Line 1, Line 2, Line 3, Line 4.
- Otherwise: Line 1, Line 4.



# if-else statement



```
Line 1
if boolean expression:
    Line 2
    Line 3
else:
    Line 4
Line 5
```

- If boolean expression is true:  
Line 1, Line 2, Line 3, Line 5
- Otherwise: Line 1, Line 4, Line 5

# Dealing with negative integer input



- If  $n \leq 0$ , print out an appropriate message and do nothing else.
- Else, continue to do what the program is currently doing.

# Our Final First Program



```
n = int(raw_input("Enter a positive integer:"))
if n <= 0:
    print "Enter a positive integer next time. Bye!"
else:
    suffix = ""
    originalN = n
    while n > 0:
        suffix = str(n%2) + suffix
        n = n/2
    print "The binary equivalent of", originalN, "is", suffix
```

# Our second programming problem



## Primality Testing

Given a positive integer ( $> 1$ ), determine whether it is a prime number or not.

### Examples:

Input

31

2001

987654321

Output

prime

composite

composite