

Road Network Example

```
import java.util.LinkedList;
```

```
class Road {  
    ...  
}
```

```
class Intersection {  
    ...  
}
```

```
public class RoadNetwork {  
    ...  
}
```

**OVERALL
STRUCTURE**

Road Network Example

```
/** Roads are one-way streets linking intersections
 * @see Intersection
 */
class Road {
    float travelTime;           //measured in seconds
    Intersection destination; //where the road goes
    Intersection source;       //where the comes from
    // textual name of road is source-destination
}
```

Road Network Example

```
/** Intersections join roads
 * @see Road
 */
class Intersection {
    String name;
    LinkedList <Road> outgoing = new LinkedList <Road> ();
    LinkedList <Road> incoming = new LinkedList <Road> ();
    // BUG: deal with type of intersections?
}
```

Road Network Example

```
/** Main Program
 * @see Road
 * @see Intersection
 */
public class RoadNetwork {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // BUG: Need something testable here!
    }
}
```

Road Network Example

- Input data format:

```
intersection a  
intersection b  
road a b 5  
road b a 11
```

- How do we process text?
- Java provides a tool, class scanner

Road Network Example

```
import java.io.File;
import java.util.Scanner;

/** Main Program
 * @see Road
 * @see Intersection
 */
public class RoadNetwork {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // BUG: Need code to see if there is a file name
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(new File(args[0]));
        // BUG: What if the file doesn't exist?
    }
}
```

Road Network Example

- The shell command:

```
[HawkID@serv15 ~/project]$ java RoadNetwork IowaCity.txt
```

- Consider this code from the main method:

```
Scanner sc = new Scanner(new File(args[0]));
```

- In context, this is now equivalent to this:

```
Scanner sc = new Scanner(new File("IowaCity.txt"));
```

Road Network Example

- A problem, from the Oracle page for class Scanner:

```
public Scanner(File source)
    throws FileNotFoundException
```

- We need a try-catch block:

```
try {
    Scanner sc = new Scanner( new File( args[0] ) );
    // BUG: Now we can process the file here
} catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
    // BUG: Complain that the file doesn't exist
}
```


Road Network Example

```
public class RoadNetwork {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        if (args.length < 1) {
            // BUG: Complain about a missing argument
        } else try {
            Scanner sc = new Scanner( new File(args[0]) );
            // BUG: Now we can process the file here
        } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
            // BUG: Complain that the file doesn't exist
        }
    }
}
```

Bad idea –

Road Network Example

```
public class RoadNetwork {
    private static void readNetwork( Scanner in ) {
        // Bug: Details go here!
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        if (args.length < 1) {
            // Bug: Complain about a missing argument
        } else try {
            readNetwork( new Scanner(new File(args[0])) );
        } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
            // Bug: Complain that the file doesn't exist
        }
    }
}
```

Better idea –

Road Network Example

```
private static void readNetwork( Scanner sc ) {
    while (sc.hasNext()) {
        // until the input file is finished
        string command = sc.next()
        if (command == "intersection") {
            new Intersection( sc );
        } else if (command == "road") {
            new Road( sc );
        } else {
            // Bug: Complain about unknown command
        }
    }
}
```

Road Network Example

```
private static void readNetwork( Scanner sc ) {
    while (sc.hasNext()) {
        // until the input file is finished
        string command = sc.next()
        if (command == "intersection") {
            new Intersection( sc );
        } else if (command == "road") {
            new Road( sc );
        } else {
            // Bug: Complain about unknown command
        }
    }
}
```

Assumption –

Road Network Example

```
private static void readNetwork( Scanner sc ) {  
    while (sc.hasNext()) {  
        // until the input file is finished  
        string command = sc.next()  
        if (command == "intersection") {  
            new Intersection( sc );  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Assumption –

- Intersection constructor scans intersection description
- constructor complains about multiple definitions
- class Intersection maintains the intersection collection
- class Intersection offers a search tool by name
- class Intersection offers an iterator over all intersections

Road Network Example

```
private static void readNetwork( Scanner sc ) {
    while (sc.hasNext()) {
        // until the input file is finished
        string command = sc.next()
        if (command == "intersection") {
            new Intersection( sc );
        } else if (command == "road") {
            new Road( sc );
        } else {
            // Bug: Complain about unknown command
        }
    }
}
```

Assumption –

Road Network Example

```
private static void readNetwork( Scanner sc ) {  
    while (sc.hasNext()) {  
        // until the input file is finished  
        string command = sc.next()  
        if (command == "intersection") {  
            new Intersection( sc );  
        } else if (command == "road") {  
            new Road( sc );  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Assumption –

- Road constructor scans road description
- class Road maintains the road collection
- class Road offers an iterator over all roads

Epidemic Example

- A text format for specification:

```
pop 2500;      // population
house 4,3;     // household size average 4 +/- 3
jobs 0.25;     // 1/4 of the population has jobs
study 0.5;    // 1/2 of the population are students
```

- Probability distribution functions?
 - uniform distribution?
 - normal distribution?

May as well hard code this for each, for now

Empirical data for each random variable sets distribution

Fooling with class Scanner

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class ScanTest {

    static final Scanner in = new Scanner( System.in );

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.print( in.next() );    // get string
        System.out.print( in.nextInt() ); // get an int
        System.out.print( in.next(";") ); // get a ";"
    }
}
```

Try it! Experiment!