1 2 3 4 5 6 7	MICHAEL J. STRUMWASSER (SBN58413) GREGORY G. LUKE (SBN 225373) AIMEE E. DUDOVITZ (SBN 203914) STRUMWASSER & WOOCHER LLP 100 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 1900 Santa Monica, California 90401 Telephone: (310) 576-1233 Facsimile: (310) 319-0156  Attorneys for Petitioners, Plaintiffs, and Contestants	JEODNII A			
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
9	FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA				
11 12	AMERICANS FOR SAFE ACCESS; JAMES )	192053			
13	13 REPLY DECL	ARATION OF DOUGLAS			
14		SUPPORT OF S' MOTIONS FOR			
15	13    CANOTIONS	OJUDICATION AND FOR			
16	MACDONALD, in his official capacity as Registrar of Voters for the County of Alameda:  RESPONDENT SUMMARY JU	SANCTIONS, AND IN OPPOSITION TO RESPONDENTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGEMENT AND			
17	and DOES 1 through 20, inclusive,  APPLICATION DEVIEW	N FOR IN CAMERA			
18	Respondents and Defendants.)	on Law Matter (Cal. Flag			
19	) Code §§ 13314	on Law Matter (Cal. Elec. 4(a)(3) and 16100 <i>et seq</i> .			
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21	) Date: March 2				
22	) Dent : 31 Hor	n. n. Winifred Smith			
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## 1 DECLARATION OF DOUGLAS W. JONES

## I, DOUGLAS W. JONES, hereby declare:

1. My qualifications to offer expert testimony regarding the design, operational, and security features of many sorts of computerized systems, and my specific knowledge and experience in reviewing the Diebold DRE systems, is set forth in my prior declarations submitted in this case. I have personal knowledge of the statements herein and, if called upon to do so, could and would testify competently thereto.

## **Expert Opinion**

- 2. Attached hereto as Exhibits 1 and 2 are two schematic figures that accurately depict the basic functionality of the Diebold AccuVote TS voting system employed by Alameda County in 2004. On this system, voters cast their votes by tapping a touchscreen. The system translates the voters' selections into electronic data. One copy of this data is placed on a portable storage device called a PCMCIA card (B). Another copy of this data the "redundant data" is stored in a flash-memory chip hard-wired in the touchscreen unit (A). Audit logs of system function and human interactions are also generated by the touchscreen unit during elections and stored in the touchscreen unit's flash memory (A). When the polls are closed, election workers transport the PCMCIA cards (B) to a central location, where the data they contain are uploaded into a central tally server (C). The certified election results are based upon the tally generated by this server (C). In addition to the audit logs generated by and stored within the flash memory of each touchscreen (A), an audit log is also generated by the central tally server (C).
- 3. I have reviewed Respondents' Opposition to Petitioners' Motion for Sanctions, he Declaration of Nancy Fenton in support thereof, and Respondents' Opposition to Petitioners' Motion for Summary Adjudication.
- 4. Remarkably, Respondents continue to assert that the electronic data stored on the PCMCIA cards after an election ("B" in attached exhibits) is necessarily "the same" as the data stored in the flash-memory of each touchscreen unit ("A" in attached exhibits). (Opposition to Motion for Sanctions, 4:9.) As explained in my prior declaration, this

contention has no basis in scientific fact or elementary logic. If made in good faith, this contention of Respondents can only reflect that they do not understand the nature of electronically data, and specifically the susceptibility of such data to manipulation or alteration. Redundant data is stored in the touchscreen units ("A") for the precise purpose of providing an opportunity to cross-check against the data transported to the central tally server on PCMCIA cards ("B") and central tally server ("C"). It has been definitively demonstrated that data stored on the PCMCIA cards ("B") and central tally server ("C") can be altered by persons with access to the system. Because of this fact, Respondents' contention that the data on the units and the PCMCIA cards are necessarily "the same" violates elementary science and logic.

- 5. In their Opposition to Petitioners' Motion for Summary Adjudication, Respondents concede that "scratch papers' indicating the different counts of each precinct might be relevant to determine that the individual numbers from the 'scratch papers' equal the grand total deduced from these papers." (Opposition to Motion for Summary Adjudication, 8:15-17.) The mathematical cross-check operation outlined in this example is precisely analogous to the mathematical cross-check that Petitioners sought to perform by comparing the redundant vote data in the touchscreen units ("A") to the results generated by the central tally server in this case.
- 6. On a similar vein, Respondents admit that a "document containing the correct codes for the different types of ballots might be a relevant material to make sure that the ballots are recounted properly." (*Id.* 8:20-24.) The election configuration files and audit logs stored in each voting machine are precisely analogous to this type of relevant material because they reflect the election-specific ballot designs loaded into the DRE systems, which reflect the specific contest and measures that a given voter is allowed to vote on.
- 7. Finally, Respondents offer to have Diebold Elections Systems, Inc. to retrieve, copy, and provide the court copies of the audit logs and redundant data from the touchscreen units ("A") used in the November 2004 election. Because it would be possible for Diebold Elections Systems Inc. to simply copy the data Respondents' copied from the PCMCIA

1	cards, or upload that data into the flash memory of the touchscreen units for a staged			
2	'downloading', independent supervision of the process of retrieving this data stored in the			
3	touchscreen units is necessary to prove the authenticity and provenance of whatever data			
4	Diebold may produce.			
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7	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is			
8	true and correct.			
9	Executed this day of February, 2007, at, Iowa.			
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12	Douglas W. Jones			
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